

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SÜDWEST Holzimprägniergrund

130000006123/

Rev. no. 1.4

Revision Date 14.09.2018 Print Date 05.11.2018

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE **COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name SÜDWEST Holzimprägniergrund

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Wood preservatives Biocidal product

Uses advised against Industrial spraying

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

SÜDWEST Lacke + Farben GmbH & Co.KG

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1.4 Emergency telephone number European Union

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Aspiration hazard, Category H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 3

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms

Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters

airways.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin

dryness or cracking.

Precautionary P102 Keep out of reach of children.

statements **Prevention:**

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a

POISON CENTER/doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P330 Rinse mouth.

Disposal:

P501 Contents/container to be disposed of

through approved disposal contractor or

taken to municipal collection point.

Hazardous components which must be listed on

the label:

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2%

aromatics

Additional Labelling:

EUH208 Contains propiconazole, 2-butanone oxime, [[(2-

ethylhexyl)oxy]methyl]oxirane, 3-iodo2-propynyl butylcarbamate, phthalic anhydride. May produce an

allergic reaction.

EUH205 Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic

reaction.

Regulation concerning biocidal products (528/2012):

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment,

comply with the instructions for use.

Not to be used in conjunction with wood which is intended for direct contact with foods or animal feed.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Use biocides safely. Always read the label and product information before use.

Contains IPBC

This product is a cholinesterase inhibitor carbamate.

In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration (% w/w)
Hydrocarbons, C11- C14, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	90622-58-5 01-2119480162-45- XXXX	Asp. Tox.1; H304 The CAS number is no longer specified in REACH registration, but still serves as identification in other areas.	≥ 70 - < 90
2-(2- butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5 203-961-6 01-2119475104-44- XXXX	Eye Irrit.2; H319	≥ 3 - < 7,5
propiconazole	60207-90-1 262-104-4	Acute Tox.4; H302 Skin Sens.1; H317 Aquatic Acute1;	≥ 0,25 - < 1

		H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7 202-496-6 01-2119539477-28- XXXX	Carc.2; H351 Acute Tox.4; H312 Eye Dam.1; H318 Skin Sens.1; H317	≥ 0,1 - < 1
[[(2- ethylhexyl)oxy]methyl]oxirane	2461-15-6	Skin Irrit.2; H315 Eye Irrit.2; H319 Skin Sens.1; H317 STOT SE3; H335 Aquatic Chronic3; H412	≥ 0,25 - < 1
3-iodo2-propynyl butylcarbamate	55406-53-6 259-627-5	STOT RE1; H372 Eye Dam.1; H318 Acute Tox.3; H331 Skin Sens.1; H317 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410 Acute Tox.4; H302	≥ 0,25 - < 1
phthalic anhydride	85-44-9 201-607-5 01-2119457017-41- XXXX	Acute Tox.4; H302 STOT SE3; H335 Skin Irrit.2; H315 Eye Dam.1; H318 Resp. Sens.1; H334 Skin Sens.1; H317	≥ 0,1 - < 1

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice Always show the label to any attending doctor!

First aider needs to protect himself.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours later. Keep under medical supervision for at least 48 hours.

Inhalation If breathed in, move person into fresh air.

Keep patient warm and at rest.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial

respiration.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

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Skin contact Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use

recognized skin cleanser.

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Eye contact In case of eye contact, remove contact lens and rinse

immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for

at least 15 minutes.

Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show

this container or label.

Vomiting

Hold person's head low, to prevent aspiration.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms No information available.

Risks Risk of product entering the lungs on vomiting after

ingestion.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment Treat symptomatically.

No information available.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

CO2, extinguishing powder or water spray. Fight larger fires

with water spray or alcohol resistantfoam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the

substance or mixture

Fire may cause evolution of:

Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2) Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

initrogen oxides (NOX)

Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to

health.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable

distance.

Additional advice Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water

must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Remove all sources of ignition.

6.1 Personal

precautions, protective

equipment and

emergency procedures

Prevent unauthorized access.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Do not breathe vapour.

6.2 Environmental

precautions

The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

local / national regulations (see section 13). Clean with detergents. Avoid solvents.

Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to

item 13.

6.4 Reference to other

sections

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Comply with the statutory regulations on health and safety at

Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid formation of aerosol.

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive

concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour

concentration higher than the occupational exposure limit values.

The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been

excluded.

All metal parts of the mixing and processing equipment must

be earthed.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No

sparking tools should be used.

Prevention of handling incompatible substances and

mixtures (see subsection 10.5).

Hygiene measures Do not breathe spray, vapour.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling

the product.

After washing hands, replenish lost skin oil by means of oily

skin ointment.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and

containers

Store in original container.

Keep container tightly closed. Never use pressure to empty:

container is not a pressure vessel. Nosmoking.

Prevent unauthorized access.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed

and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep container in liquid-impermeable tub.

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Protect from frost, heat and sunlight.

Advice on protection

against fire and

explosion

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic

charge.

Advice on common

storage

Keep away from combustible materials.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Keep away from oxidizing agents and strongly acid or

alkaline materials.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Provide for good aeration and internal ventilation when painting windows and exterior doors. Keep windows and doors open (cross-ventilation, min. 5 air changes/h).

Time spent in the working area is to be kept to a minimum.

Apply a suitable top coat to the wood surface treated with the product, in order to prevent the active substances from being washed out.

This surface treatment is to be maintained on a regular basis.

Recently treated wood is to be stored under roofing or on a paved and impermeable surface to prevent the penetration of dripping residual product and contaminated rainwater into the soil, the groundwater and bodies of water.

When applying the product, direct contamination of the ground with product (e.g. as a result of dripping) is to be prevented, e.g. by means of appropriate covering (plastic sheeting, tarpaulins).

During application by means of industrial methods, in order to protect the soil, groundwater and bodies of water all product remnants are to be collected and returned to the system, if possible, or disposed of as hazardous waste.

The product must not enter into the sewerage system. For further information, see also Technical Data Sheet for the product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure limit(s)

Components		CAS-No.
Basis	Type:	Control
		parameters
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)etha	nol	112-34-5
2006/15/EC	Short term exposure limit	101,2 mg/m ³
2006/15/EC	Short term exposure limit	15 ppm
Additional advice:	Indicative	
2006/15/EC	Limit Value - eight hours	67,5 mg/m ³
2006/15/EC	Limit Value - eight hours	10 ppm
Additional advice:	Indicative	

The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Technical and organisational protection measures must take priority (personal protective equipment must not constitute a permanent measure).

Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should beachieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates solvent vapour below the occupational exposure limit values, suitable respiratory - protection must be worn. Washing facilities / water for rinsing eyes and skin should be available.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

a) Eye/face protection Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

b) Skin protection Hand protection

Recommended preventive skin protection

Before starting work, apply water-resistant skincare

preparations to exposed skin areas.

Protective gloves should be worn in case of skin contact

during preparation and application.

Break through time: 480 min Minimum thickness: 0,4 mm

Gloves made of nitrile rubber, e.g. KCL 730 Camatril®

Velours (Kächele-Cama-Latex GmbH, Hotline: 0049(0)6659-

87-300, kcl-uk@kcl.de), or equivalent.

Skin that comes into contact with the product should be treated with protective cream. After such contact, the product concerned should under no circumstances be used.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the

specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard

EN 374 derived from it.

The choice of an appropriate glove does not only depend on its material but also on other quality features and is different

from one producer to the other.

Body Protection Remove any contamination immediately from the skin to

protect against any possible allergic reaction.

Preventive skin protection Long sleeved clothing

Personal should wear antistatic clothings made of natural

fiber or of high temperature resistant synthehic fiber. All

parts of the body should be washed after contact.

c) Respiratory protection
During application in enclosed spaces, respiratory protection

must be worn.

Combination filter A-P2

Respiratory protection complying with EN 14387.

Environmental exposure controls

General advice The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains

inform respective authorities.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance liquid

Colour various

Odour solvent-like

Odour Threshold No data available

pH not determined

Melting point/freezing point No data available

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

162 °C

Flash point > 60 °C

Evaporation rate not determined

Flammability (solid, gas) not applicable

Upper explosion limit /

Upper flammability limit

5,0 %(V)

Lower explosion limit /

Lower flammability limit

0,5 %(V)

Vapour pressure 0,6 hPa (20 °C)

Vapour density No data available

Density ca. 0,793 g/cm³

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

not determined

Auto-ignition temperature not auto-flammable

Decomposition temperature

No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic ca. 5 mPa.s (20 °C)

Viscosity, kinematic ca. 12,6 mm²/s (40 °C)

Explosive properties Not explosive

Oxidizing properties Not applicable

9.2 Other information

Ignition temperature 228 °C

Flow time No data available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions No dangerous reaction known under conditions of

normal use.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Direct sources of heat.

Strong sunlight for prolonged periods.

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10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong acids and strong bases

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Decomposition temperature

No data available

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are Acute oral toxicity

not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: vapour Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are

not met.

Components: propiconazole:

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat): 1.517 mg/kg

2-butanone oxime:

Acute dermal toxicity Harmful in contact with skin.

3-iodo2-propynyl butylcarbamate:

Acute oral toxicity Harmful if swallowed.

LC50 (Rat): 3 mg/l Acute inhalation toxicity

> Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour

phthalic anhydride:

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat): 1.530 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Product:

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

[[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]methyl]oxirane:

Causes skin irritation.

phthalic anhydride:

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are

not met.

Components:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Causes serious eye irritation.

2-butanone oxime:

Causes serious eye damage.

[[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]methyl]oxirane:

Causes serious eye irritation.

3-iodo2-propynyl butylcarbamate:

Causes serious eye damage.

phthalic anhydride:

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are

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not met.

Components: propiconazole:

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

2-butanone oxime:

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

[[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]methyl]oxirane:

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

3-iodo2-propynyl butylcarbamate:

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

phthalic anhydride:

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing

difficulties if inhaled.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vitro Based on available data, the classification criteria are

not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are

not met.

Components:

2-butanone oxime:

Suspected of causing cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Effects on fertility Based on available data, the classification criteria are

not met.

Developmental Toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are

not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are

not met.

Components:

[[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]methyl]oxirane:

Exposure routes Inhalation

Assessment May cause respiratory irritation.

phthalic anhydride:

Exposure routes Inhalation

Assessment May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are

not met

Components:

3-iodo2-propynyl butylcarbamate:

Exposure routes Inhalation
Target Organs larynx

Assessment Causes damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Experience with human exposure

Product:

General Information Exposure to component solvent vapours concentration

in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may

result in adverse health effects.

Such as: mucous membrane irritation, respiratory system irritation, adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs: headache, dizziness, fatique, muscular weakness.

drowsiness and in extreme cases loss of consciousness. Long-term or repeated contact with the product leads to degreasing of the skin and can cause nonallergenic contact skin damage (contact dermatitis) and / or the

resorption of substances.

Solvent sprays can cause irritation and reversible

damage to the eye.

Further information **Product:**

The product itself has not been tested. The mixture is classified in accordance with Annex I to EC Directive 1272/2008. (See sections 2 and 3 for details).

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish No data available

Components:

propiconazole:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4,3 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and

other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae EC50 (Algae): 0,76 mg/l

1

Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard)

erm

3-iodo2-propynyl butylcarbamate:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0,067 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,16 mg/l

rertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):

0,049 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):

0,0046 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard)

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Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

NOEC: 0,0084 mg/l Exposure time: 35 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

(Chronic toxicity)

NOEC: 0,010 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia (water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability No data available

Components:

propiconazole:

Biodegradability Result: not rapidly degradable

3-iodo2-propynyl butylcarbamate:

Biodegradability Result: rapidly degradable

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation No data available

Components:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0,56

propiconazole:

Bioaccumulation Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 146

3-iodo2-propynyl butylcarbamate:

Partition coefficient: n-

log Pow: 2,8

octanol/water

12.4 Mobility in soil

Product:

Mobility No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment This substance/mixture contains no components

considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative

(vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological

information

Do not allow product to enter into ground water, bodies of water or sewage systems. Harmful to aquatic life with

long lasting effects.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product The user is responsible for proper coding and marking of

any waste.

When used as recommended, the waste code can be selected according to the code of the European Waste Catalogue (EWC), category 17.09 "Other Construction and

Demolition Waste"

If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with

local regulations.

Fluid remains constitute hazardous waste and should not be poured into the sewage system. They should be taken to a

local waste disposal site.

Dispose safely of product, contaminated materials and

containers.

Do not pour into the drain. - Do not allow to enter into the

sewerage system.

Contaminated packaging Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of

as the unused product.

Empty packaging should be recycled through disposal

systems.

Waste key for the unused product

03 02 05* other wood preservatives containing dangerous

sub stances

(*) hazardous waste in terms of the European directive

91/689/EEC

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN number

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks This information is not available.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Remarks Not applicable

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

VOC

Directive 2010/75/EU 92,5 %

732 g/l

VOC

Directive 2004/42/EC

does not fall under Directive 2004/42/EC

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous

chemicals

Not applicable

Further notes Before use please consult technical data sheet and safety

data sheet.

The effectiveness of the biocide is dependent on correct

storage and observation of the use-by date.

See label on lid.

Other regulations Comply with the statutory regulations on health and safety at

work.

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people

at work.

Take note of Dir 92/85/EEC on the safety and health at work

of pregnant workers.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

This information is not available.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Changes from the previous version are indicated by markings in the left-hand margin.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our present state of knowledge and conforms to both national and EU legislation. The user's working conditions are, however, beyond our knowledge and control. The user is responsible for complying with all necessary legal requirements. The information in this Safety Data Sheet describes the safety requirements of our product and does not constitute any assurance of product properties.

Full text of H-Statements

: Harmful if swallowed.
: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
: Harmful in contact with skin.
: Causes skin irritation.
: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
: Causes serious eye damage.
: Causes serious eye irritation.
: Toxic if inhaled.
: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
: May cause respiratory irritation.
: Suspected of causing cancer.
: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
: Very toxic to aquatic life.
: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard Carc. : Carcinogenicity Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation

Resp. Sens. : Respiratory sensitisation

Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -

Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System: GLP - Good Laboratory Practice: IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China: IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI -Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. -Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship: REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS -Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Other information

The assessment was carried out in accordance with Article 6 (5) and Appendix I of EC Directive no. 1272/2008.

It is possible in the interim period that you may find different markings on packaging compared to the Material Safety Data Sheet until stocks have been used up. We ask for your understanding in this matter.

Department issuing MSDS REG_EU / EN

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